

Technology in Action

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Eleventh Edition

Technology in Action

Chapter 6

Digital Devices and Media: Managing a Digital Lifestyle

Topics

- Digital Convergence
- Telephony: Smartphones and Beyond
- Tablets, Netbooks, and Ultrabooks
- Digital Defined
- Digital Media

Mobile Devices

- Digital Convergence
- Telephony: Smartphones and Beyond
- Tablets, Netbooks and Ultrabooks

Digital Convergence

- Single unifying device
 - Media, Internet, entertainment, and telephony needs
- Smartphones
- Electronics systems in cars
- Digital Living Network Alliance (DLNA)

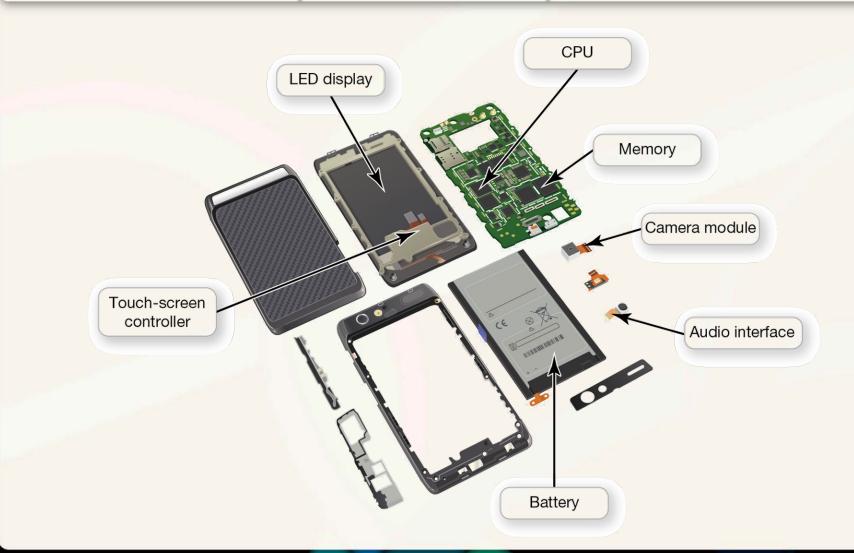
Telephony- use of equipment to provide voice communications over a distance



Telephony: Smartphones and Beyond Smartphone Basics

- Smartphone functions and features
- Cellular (cell) phones
 - Mobile, cellular technology
- Feature phones

- Primary input devices
 - Microphone
 - Touch pad
- Output devices
 - Speaker
 - Liquid crystal display (LCD)
 - OLED: newer display screen



Smartphone operating systems

- □ Android OS
- □iOS (Apple iPhone)
- □Windows 8 mobile

Mobile Operating Systems

OPERATING SYSTEM	MANUFACTURER	USER INTERFACE
iOS	Apple	
Windows Phone 8	Microsoft	
Android	Used by HTC, Samsung	12 05

- Memory stores information and programs
- OS—read-only memory (ROM)
- Data is stored in separate internal memory chips
- Additional memory
 - Micro SD flash cards
 - iPhones have no upgradeable memory

- Smartphone OS standard software
 - To-do list
 - Contact manager
 - Calendar







Web-based software stores for software applications

Telephony: Smartphones and Beyond How Cell Phone Technology Works

- Cellular network
- Base transceiver station
- Mobile switching center

Telephony: Smartphones and Beyond How Cell Phone Technology Works

- Digital Processing
 - Sound enters microphone
 - Analog-to-digital converter chip converts voice into digital signals
 - Digital signal processor compresses the signal
 - Digital data is transmitted as a radio wave
 - Digital signal processor decompresses incoming message
 - Amplifier boosts signal

Telephony: Smartphones and Beyond Synchronizing

- Synchronizing (syncing)
- Two main ways to transfer information
 - Wired
 - Wireless
- Wired solutions
 - USB port
 - Insert flash card

Telephony: Smartphones and Beyond Synchronizing

- Wireless synchronization
 - Google Sync

- Amazon Kindle

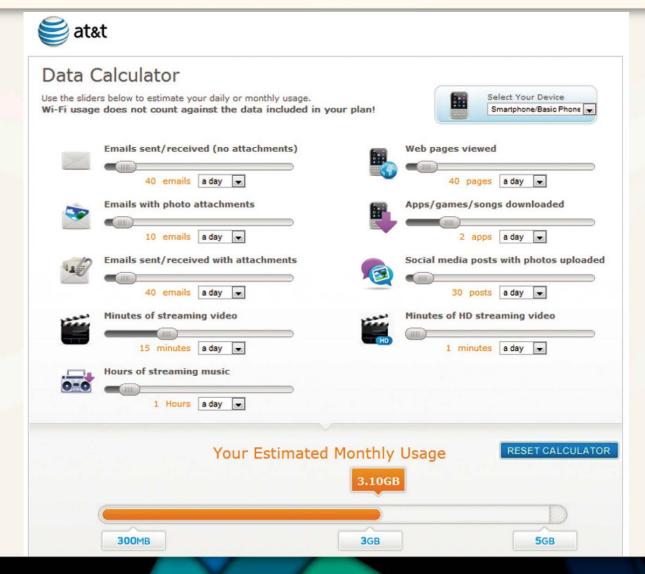


Telephony: Smartphones and Beyond Text Messaging

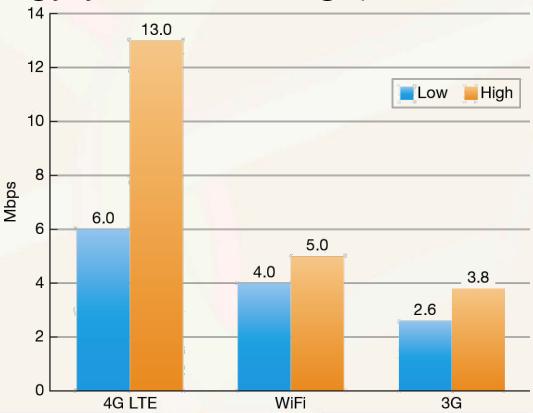
- Short message service (SMS)
 - Short text messages
 - Up to 160 characters
 - Convenient and quick
 - Uses cell phone network
- Multimedia message (MMS)

- Two ways smartphones connect to Internet
 - WiFi (no data charges)
 - Cellular network more available

- Internet usage
 - How much data you download and upload
- Internet connectivity plan
 - Data plan



 Connection speed will depend on which technology you are using (3G, 4G LTE)



Telephony: Smartphones and Beyond Smartphone Security

- Viruses
- Antivirus software for mobile devices
 - Kaspersky
 - McAfee
 - F-Secure
- Virtual phone number

- Digital phone service
- Technology similar to e-mail
- Skype
- Vonage



- Calls can be placed anywhere you have Internet access
- Android or iOS phone or tablet
- Free or low-cost long-distance calling
- Portability

- Drawbacks
 - Sound quality and reliability
 - Loss of service at home if power is out
 - Security risks



- New Features
 - Telephone messages bundled as e-mails
 - Caller ID information displayed on TV
 - Students can call professor instead of using personal numbers

Telephony: Smartphones and Beyond Smartphone GPS

- Enhanced 911 program
 - Automatically gives precise location

Built and operated by the U.S. Department

of Defense





Tablets, Netbooks, Ultrabooks Tablets



Tablets, Netbooks, Ultrabooks Tablets

- Smartphone and tablet similarities
 - Operating systems
 - Processors
 - Touch-screen interfaces
 - Long battery life
 - Similar software applications
 - Similar Internet connectivity
 - Bluetooth

Tablets, Netbooks, Ultrabooks Tablets

- Cannot make cell phone calls
- Can place audio or video phone calls

Tablets, Netbooks, Ultrabooks Netbooks

- Netbooks
 - Traditional OS
 - Keyboard
 - Weigh 2 pounds or less
 - Inexpensive compared with tablets and ultrabooks

Tablets, Netbooks, Ultrabooks Ultrabooks

Ultrabooks

- Full-featured computers
- Very thin, lightweight computing solution
- Don't have optical drives
- Offer SSD drives
- Weigh under 3 pounds
- Full-size keyboards
- 13- to 15-inch screens
- Ex. Apple Macbook Air and Asus Zenbook

Tablets, Netbooks, Ultrabooks Ultrabooks

Tablets Versus Ultrabooks

FEATURE	TABLET	ULTRABOOK
Operating System	Mobile OS (iOS, Android, Windows)	Traditional OS (Windows or OS X)
Interface	Touch screen	Non-touch screen and full-size keyboard
Screen Size	7 to 10 inches	13 to 15 inches
Processing Power	Mobile processor	Full quad-core Intel i5, i7
Storage	≤ 128 GB	128 to 500 GB
Software	Specialized applications custom designed for touch interface	Standard versions of software for desktop environments (Microsoft Office, etc.)

Tablets, Netbooks, Ultrabooks Making a Choice

Guidelines to determine what fits your personal needs

Tablet
• Less than 2 lbs
• Mobile OS

Smartphone
• 0.25 lbs
• Mobile OS

Screen size and style of keyboard

- Weight

Number of devices





The Digital Information Age

- Digital Defined
- Digital Media

Digital Defined

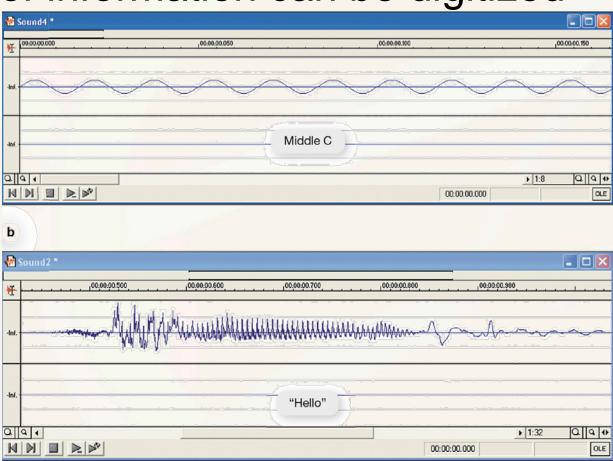
Analog Versus Digital Entertainment

	ANALOG	DIGITAL
Publishing	Magazines, books	E-books, e-zines
Music	Vinyl record al- bums and cassette tapes	CDs, MP3 files, and streaming music stations
Photography	35-mm single- lens reflex (SLR) cameras Photos stored on film	Digital cameras, including digital SLRs Photos stored as digital files
Video	8-mm, VHS, and Hi8 camcorders Film stored on tapes	HD digital video (DV) cameras Film stored as digital files; distributed on DVD and Blu-ray discs and streamed
Radio	AM/FM radio	HD Radio, SiriusXM satellite radio
Television	Analog TV broadcast	High-definition digital television (HDTV)

Digital Defined

Any kind of information can be digitized

- Sound



Digital Defined

- Digital formats
 - Long strings of numbers
- Analog-to-digital conversion

- Electronic text (e-text)
- E-readers

- Advantages of e-readers
 - Integrated dictionaries
 - Note taking and highlighting
 - URL links or links to glossary
 - Bookmarks

- Software for PC or Apple computers
 - Kindle and the NOOK
- Download texts as PDF
- Browser add-ons
 - MagicScroll

- Digital formats
 - Amazon uses proprietary format: .azw
 - Open format: ePub
- Vendors associated with e-reader devices

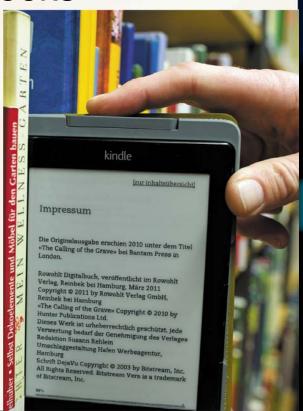




Libraries

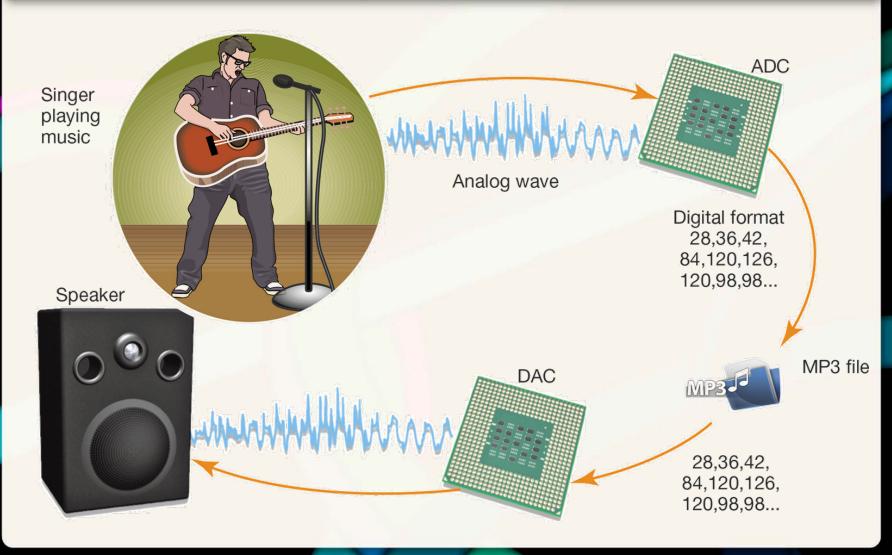
Lending e-books and audio books

- Overdrive Media Console
- Lending your own e-books



- Project Gutenberg
 - 42,000 free books
 - Copyrights have expired
- Self-publishing
 - Amazon Kindle Store
 - Smashwords
 - Lulu

Digital Media Digital Music



Digital Media Digital Music

- Cloud services/subscription plans
 - Google Play
 - Spotify
- Listening options
 - Tethered downloads
 - Pay for music and own it
 - DRM-free music

Digital Media Digital Photography

- Digital cameras
 - Capture images and video
 - Convert to digital data

Point-and-shoot vs. digital SLR

Digital Media Digital Photography

- Factors that determine image quality
 - Quality of lenses
 - Image sensor size
 - File format and compression
 - Color management software
 - Resolution

- Digital video
 - -TV
 - Streaming video sites(Google Video, YouTube, Vimeo, Ustream)
 - On-demand streaming services (cable, iTunes, Netflix, Amazon)
 - Create your own

- Digital video-editing software
 - Edit digital video
 - Review clips frame by frame
 - Reorder segments
 - Correct color, balance, brightness, or contrast
- Codec (compression/decompression)



- Special authoring software
 - Pinnacle Studio HD
 - Adobe Encore
- Webcasting
 - Broadcasting video live
 - Interactive chat

1. How is the trend of digital convergence seen in the market?

• Digital convergence has brought us single devices with the capabilities that used to require four or five separate tools.

- 2. What hardware and software comprise a typical smartphone?
 - A smartphone has a
 - *central processor,
 - *memory, and
 - *an operating system.

3. How do I synchronize information and how do mobile Internet data plans work?

- Information can be synched between devices using either wired or wireless solutions.
- A wired synch requires either a micro SD card or a USB cable to connect the device directly to the computer.
- A wireless synch can be done using Bluetooth or WiFi or by connecting to a cloud service.
- Mobile data plans allow your device to have access at almost any location.
- Data transfers occur at either 3G or 4G speeds, depending on your device and provider. Fees are tied to the amount of data you transfer each month.

- 4. What do I need to keep my smartphone secure?
 - Viruses can infect smartphones, so using an antivirus software package is important.

5. How does digital telephony support VoIP services?

- VoIP allows inexpensive communication using a computer or a WiFi-enabled phone.
- Because it's based on a digital format for information, it can support services like automatic delivery of phone messages to an e-mail account or texts to a mobile device.

- 6. What distinguishes the performance of tablets, netbooks, and ultrabooks?
- Mobile devices differ in terms of size and weight, input (physical keyboard, software keyboard on a touch screen), and OS (mobile OS or traditional OS).
- Netbooks and ultrabooks can run traditional software packages like Microsoft Office, whereas tablets run new versions of productivity software made to take advantage of the features of the tablet.

- 7. What advantage do digital formats have over analog signals?
 - Digital media is based on a series of numeric data, number values that were measured from the original analog waveform.
 - As a string of numbers, a digital photo or video file can be easily processed by modern computers.

- 8. How is the digital format changing the way media is created and distributed?
 - The increased use of digital information has led to a period of greater creativity and control of our data.
 - Digital publishing is allowing a variety of new distribution methods into the industry.
 - Digital music is created by combining pure digital sounds with samples of analog sounds.

- 9. How do I work with digital images and video?
 - Digital cameras allow you to instantly capture and transfer images to your devices, computers, and cloud storage sites.
 - Using software for video production, you can create polished videos with titles, transitions, a sound track, and special effects and distribute them on DVDs
 - You can also use a webcam to stream live video to sites that will "broadcast" it over the Internet.

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