2020
Required Education
Post Test

Name _____   **Date** _____

Unit _____   **School** _____

                                            Grade_____

Type in the most correct answer

Infection Control

_____ 1. Standard Universal Precautions should be taken on all patients.

   a. True.
   b. False

_____ 2. After caring for a patient with possible C. difficile, you should conduct hand hygiene in the following manner

   a. Use Purell only
   b. Wash hands with soap and water
   c. Wipe hands off with a paper towel and then use Purell

_____ 3. In addition to Standard Universal Precautions, what are the appropriate precautions to take when caring for a patient with MRSA (methicillan-resistant S. aureus)?

   a. Respiratory Precautions
   b. Strict Isolation.
   c. Contact Precautions.

Corporate Compliance, HIPAA, EMTALA

_____ 4. Under the Emergency Medical Treatment and Labor Act (EMTALA) a hospital must provide for a medical screening examination, treatment or transfer regardless of a patient's ability to pay for their emergency visit.
   a. True
   b. False

_____ 5. If you suspect an activity is unethical, illegal or wrong you should talk to your Clinical Instructor another manager or someone from Human Resources. You may also contact the Corporate Compliance Officer or the Compliance Hotline.

   a. True
   b. False

_____ 6. Reviewing health care records of friends, family and colleagues may result in disciplinary actions unless I am directly involved in the patient's care or for other appropriate business operations.

   a. True
   b. False

_____ 7. Patient Rights is a guide to help us do the "right thing" and outlines a series of standards to guide our behavior.

   a. True
   b. False

_____ 8. If an employee forgets his/her user name or password to access a computer or application, which of the following is acceptable?

        a. Ask a co-worker to borrow theirs
        b. Report the problem immediately to the Help Desk
        c. Share a computer with a co-worker
        d. None of the above

_____ 9. An example of a potential HIPAA Security Breach is:

        a. Emailing, mailing or faxing Protected Health Information (PHI) to the wrong person
        b. Reviewing and/or disclosing medical records of patients outside of job responsibilities
        c. Hacking of patient information by an outside party
        d. Laptop, PDA or backup tapes of patient information are lost or stolen
        e. All of the above

National Patient Safety Goals 2019

_____ 10. What **two patient identifiers** are used when administering medication, blood; when collecting blood samples and other specimens; and when providing treatments or procedures?

        a. Patient social security number and medical record number (Home Care: patient name and telephone number)
        b. Patient name and telephone number (Home Care: patient name and telephone number)
        c. Patient name AND medical record number or date of birth (Home Care: patient name and address)

11. National Patient Safety Goals are revised on an annual basis and breach in these are reportable to Joint Commission. Name two National Patient Safety Goals?

        a. _____

        b. _____

Fall Prevention

12. When a patient is identified as being at High Risk for falling, what are the two identifiers that are used?

        a. _____

        b. _____

13. A patient who is a high fall risk is allowed to be left in the Bathroom alone

        _____TRUE OR _____FALSE

Caring Service

_____ 14. What are some best practices as it relates to patient experience?
        a. Greetings
        b. Goodbyes
        c. Handoffs
        d. All of the above

_____ 15. What is the key to personalizing our service to customers?

   a. the use of AIDET
   b. Ignoring
   c. Avoiding
   d. none of the above

16. What does the acronym for AIDET stand for?

   A _____

   I _____

   D _____

   E _____

   T _____

Utilities

_____ 17. Red Outlets indicate an outlet that will still provide power when normal power is lost but generator power is available.

   a. True
   b. False

_____ 18. Which of the following should be reported to Engineering regarding electrical equipment?

   a. Frayed or worn wires
   b. Loose or malfunctioning switches
   c. Any manner of shock
   d. All of the above

Fire Safety

_____ 19. Which of the following is the announcement indicating that a fire alarm has been activated?
   a. Code Triage
   b. Code Purple
   c. Code Red
   d. Code Silver

_____ 20. Which of the following is the correct definition of R.A.C.E.?

   a. Rescue; Alarm; Contain; Extinguish/Evacuate
   b. Resuscitate; Alarm; Contain; Extinguish/Evacuate
   c. Rescue; Annoy; Complain; Extinguish/Evacuate
   d. Run; And; Call; Engineering

Hazardous Materials

21. Which item(s) would go in the red regulated medical waste can?
    a. Dirty diaper with no visible blood
    b. Tubing with blood
    c. Isolation room gloves with no dripping blood
    d. Dressing saturated with blood
    e. Both b and d

22. What is MSDS?
    a. Multiple System Disaster Sheet
    b. Material Safety Data Sheet
    c. Medical System Default Standards

23. Where are the MSDS's located?
    a. I-Drive
    b. Computer Desk Top (Icon)
    c. Citrix

Medical Equipment

24. How do you know if a medical device is safe to use?

    a. A visual inspection of the device shows no evidence of damage
    b. The nice salesperson provided the device and donuts
    c. The "Approved For Use" sticker which is current
    d. Both a and c

25. What do you do if a medical device malfunctions?

    a. Put it back where you got it and get another one
    b. Tag the device "defective" and either obtain another or call Biomed (Ext. 16192)
    c. Inform the Charge Nurse
    d. Both b and c

26. How can you tell if a medical device is overdue for inspection?

    a. The device is covered with dust and cobweb
    b. The last inspection sticker was signed by Benjamin Franklin
    c. The "Inspection Due" date is in the past
    d. It is a new device so it does not need an inspection sticker

Emergency Management

27. The proper staff response to a Code Triage announcement is:

    a. To remain at their posts or assignments and continue working until directed otherwise
    b. To report back to their departments as quickly as possible to be briefed on the situation
    c. To keep patients and visitors calm by assuring them the situation is being addressed
    d. To be prepared to adjust their normal work conditions in response to the event, if needed
    e. All of the above

28. What do the following announcements indicate?

      _____Code Triage   a. a hostage situation
      _____Code Red   b. indicating volume surge condition
      _____Code Purple   c. activation of the Emergency Operations Plan
      _____Code Silver   d. fire alarm has been activated
      _____Code White   e. pediatric medical emergency

Security

29. The Emergency Number for Security is?
    a. 6464
    b. 5555
    c. 4444
    d. 0

30. What would you do if your patient is in the hallway and becomes unresponsive and has no pulse?

    a. Call your Clinical Instructor
    b. Ask someone to dial "5555" and stay with the patient
    c. Go get a blanket and pillow for the patient
    d. All of the above

31. If a Code Amber is announced overhead, staff is responsible for which of the following:

    a. Ignore the announcement
    b. Go room to room informing patients that a Code Amber is in progress and you need to close their doors
    c. Notifying Security via 4444 of any suspicious activity or details regarding the event
    d. All of the above

Bloodborne Pathogens Exposure

32. Examples of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) are:

    a. Gloves
    b. Eye Protection
    c. Masks and Gowns
    d. All of the Above

33. If an exposure should occur; the student should

    a. Pretend it did not happen
    b. Wash area immediately and report incident to your Clinical Instructor
    c. Go home
    d. None of the Above

34. OSHA mandates Blood borne Pathogen Training every:

    a. 5 years
    b. 2 years
    c. 1 year
    d. It is not required

35. The exposed worker should report for medical attention immediately after an exposure because post exposure prophylactics are time sensitive.

    a. True
    b. False

36. Blood borne exposures can occur from needle sticks, contamination of mucous membranes and broken/abraded skin.

    a. True
    b. False

Body Mechanics

37. Health care workers get musculoskeletal injuries because:

    a. High proportion of patients are dependent.
    b. Assistance can be limited.
    c. Patient's often weigh more than 50lbs
    d. All of the above