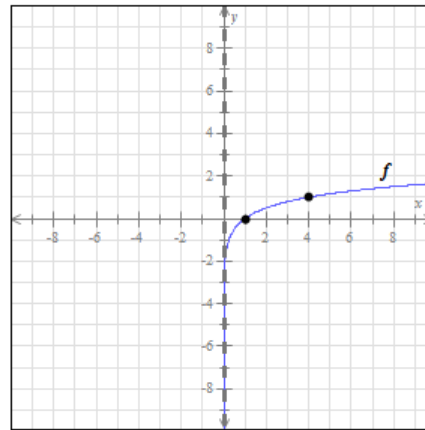


The graph, domain, and range of a logarithmic function

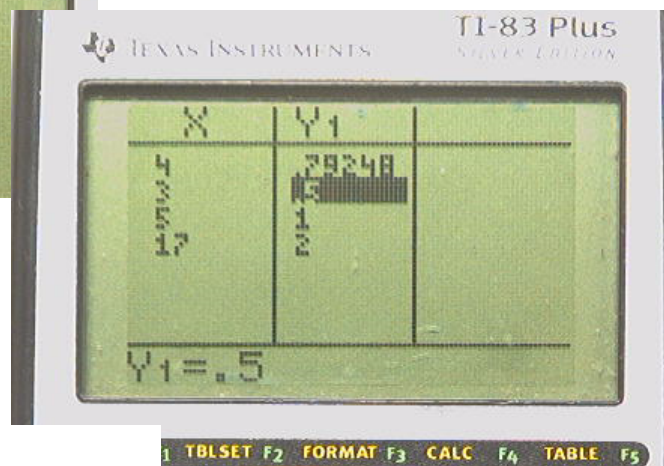
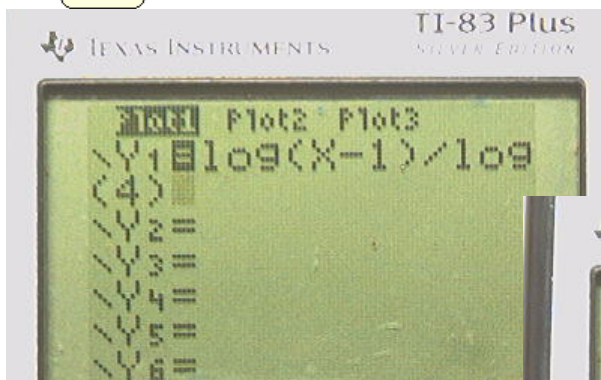
Graph the function $g(x) = \log_4(x - 1)$ and give its domain and range using interval notation.

The graph of $g(x) = \log_4(x - 1)$ is a transformation of the graph of $f(x) = \log_4 x$.

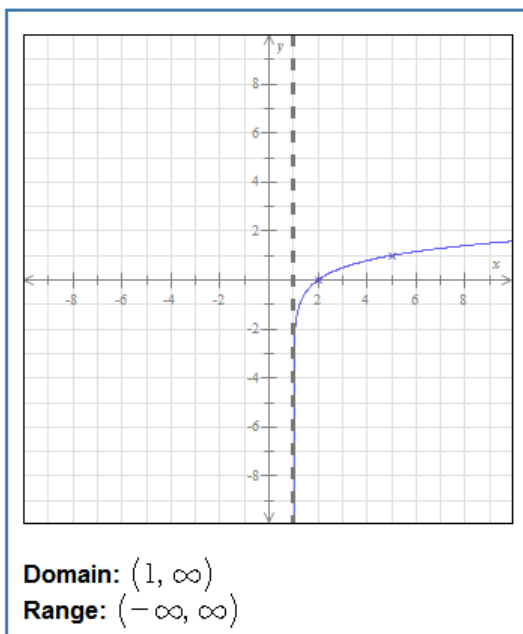
So let's first consider the graph of $f(x) = \log_4 x$.
 It passes through the points $(1, 0)$ and $(4, 1)$.
 It has a vertical asymptote $x = 0$.
 The domain is $(0, \infty)$ and the range is $(-\infty, \infty)$.



[More](#)



Here is the answer.



Determining whether two functions are inverses of each other

For each pair of functions f and g below, find $f(g(x))$ and $g(f(x))$. Then, determine whether f and g are inverses of each other.

Simplify your answers as much as possible.

(Assume that your expressions are defined for all x in the domain of the composition.)

You do *not* have to indicate the domain.)

<p>(a) $f(x) = x + 4$</p> <p>$g(x) = x - 4$</p> <p>$f(g(x)) = \boxed{x}$</p> <p>$g(f(x)) = \boxed{x}$</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> f and g are inverses of each other</p> <p><input type="radio"/> f and g are <i>not</i> inverses of each other</p>	<p>(b) $f(x) = -\frac{6}{x}, x \neq 0$</p> <p>$g(x) = \frac{6}{x}, x \neq 0$</p> <p>$f(g(x)) = \boxed{-x}$</p> <p>$g(f(x)) = \boxed{-x}$</p> <p><input type="radio"/> f and g are inverses of each other</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> f and g are <i>not</i> inverses of each other</p>
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$$f(g(x)) = f(x-4) = (x-4) + 4 = x$$

$$g(f(x)) = g(x+4) = (x+4) - 4 = x$$

$$f(g(x)) = f(6/x) = -6 / (6/x)$$

$$g(f(x)) = g(-6/x) = 6 / (-6/x)$$

Composite Functions
 $(f \circ g)(x) = f(g(x))$

$$f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 7$$
$$f(a) = a^2 + 2a - 7$$
$$f(a+h) = (a+h)^2 + 2(a+h) - 7$$
$$f(a+h) = \underbrace{a^2}_{-a^2} + \underbrace{2ah + h^2}_{-2a} + \underbrace{2a + 2h}_{-7} - 7$$
$$f(a+h) - f(a) = 2ah + h^2 + 2h$$
$$\frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} = \frac{2ah + h^2 + 2h}{h}$$
$$= 2a + h + 2$$

Rewrite as a logarithmic equation.

$$9^2 = 81$$

$$\log_{\text{base}}(\text{ across }) =$$

$$\log_9(81) = \text{exponent} = 2$$