

Chain Rule

$$f(x, y) \begin{cases} \rightarrow f_x \\ \rightarrow f_y \end{cases}$$

$$f(x(t), y(t))$$

$$\frac{df}{dt} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$f(x(t), y(t), z(t))$$

$$\frac{df}{dt} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{dx}{dt} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \frac{dy}{dt} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \frac{dz}{dt}$$



$$f(x(s, t), y(s, t), z(s, t))$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \frac{\partial z}{\partial t}$$

Implicit Differentiation

Equation (x, y, z) mixed through.

$$\text{Ex } xy + 3xz^2 = zy$$

$$F_{x,y,z} = xy + 3xz^2 - zy = 0$$

$$\frac{dz}{dx} = ?$$

~~$\frac{\partial F}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial F}{\partial x}$~~

$$0 = \frac{dF}{dx} = \frac{\partial F}{\partial x} \frac{dx}{dx} + \frac{\partial F}{\partial y} \frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{\partial F}{\partial z} \left(\frac{dz}{dx} \right)$$

$$0 = F_x + 0 + F_z \left(\frac{dz}{dx} \right)$$

$$-\frac{F_x}{F_z} = \frac{dz}{dx}$$

$$-\frac{y + 3z^2}{6xz - y} = \frac{dz}{dx}$$

$$-\frac{F_t}{F_w} = \frac{dw}{dt}$$

Gradient $\nabla f(x,y)$

$$= \langle f_x, f_y \rangle$$

$\frac{d}{dx} F$
↑
operator

$$\nabla f(x,y,z) = \langle f_x, f_y, f_z \rangle$$

$$f(x,y) = xy^2 + \sin(x)$$

$$\nabla f = \langle f_x, f_y \rangle = \langle y^2 + \cos(x), 2xy \rangle$$

$$\text{at } (0,0) \Rightarrow \nabla f(0,0) = \langle 1, 0 \rangle$$

Directional Derivative $D_{\vec{u}} f(x,y)$

Slope of the tangent line in direction of \vec{u}

\vec{u} is a unit vector = $\langle u_1, u_2 \rangle$

$$D_{\vec{u}} f = \nabla f \cdot \vec{u} = f_x u_1 + f_y u_2$$
$$= |\nabla f| |\vec{u}| \cos \theta$$

$D_{\vec{u}}$ is max

when \vec{u} is in direction of ∇f

at $|\nabla f|$


when \vec{u} is in direction of ∇f

$$z = f(x, y) = Ax + By + C$$

$$\nabla f = \langle z_x, z_y \rangle = \langle A, B \rangle$$

Steepest Descent is $\langle -A, -B \rangle$

<p>GROUP NAME: _____</p> <p>Logo: _____</p>	<p>Student Names (First and Last)</p> <p>Speaker/Presenter: _____</p>
<p>Date: _____</p> <p>Topics: _____</p>	<p>Writer/Prep: _____</p> <p>QC/Leader: _____</p>
<p>Instructions:</p>	
<p> </p>	

GROUP NAME: Team OP (Pronounced Oh-Fee)	Student Names (First and Last)
Logo: 	Speaker/Presenter: <u>Amanda Fournier</u>
Date: <u>10/3/13</u>	Writer/Prep: <u>Olya Smith</u>
Topics: <u>Gradient</u>	QC/Leader: <u>Javier Blanco</u>

Instructions: Find the ∇ & which way you are falling

$$\nabla 28.39(x-60) + 113.5(y-90) + 416.9 = z$$

$$28.39x - 1703.4 + 113.5y - 10215 + 416.9 = z$$

$$28.39x + 113.5y - 11501.5 = z$$

$$\nabla \langle 28.39, 113.5 \rangle$$

$$\text{FALL} \langle -28.39, -113.5 \rangle$$

GROUP NAME: Logo:	Student Names (First and Last) Speaker/Presenter: _____
Date: _____ Topics:	Writer/Prep: _____ QC/Leader: _____

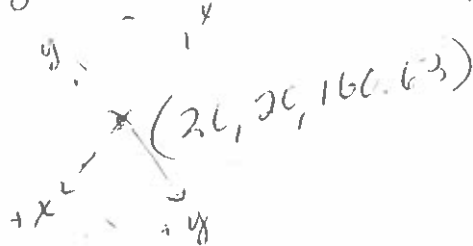
Instructions:

[Large empty rectangular area for student work or notes]

<p>GROUP NAME: <u>42</u></p> <p>Logo:</p>	<p>Student Names (First and Last)</p> <p>Speaker/Presenter: <u>Kyle Hamilton</u></p>
<p>Date: _____</p> <p>Topics:</p>	<p>Writer/Prep: <u>Ben Purbrick</u></p> <p>QC/Leader: <u>Gary Greenleaf</u></p>

Instructions:

$160.63 - .485x - .485y = z$ ← (equation of plane above dome)



$\nabla f = \langle f_x, f_y \rangle = \langle -.485, -.485 \rangle$ going up both x and y more in the negative direction

$\langle -.485, .485 \rangle$ going down, x and y go into positive direction.