

Definition of Derivative

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} = f'(x)$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(3+h) - f(3)}{h} = f'(3)$$

ex

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h(2x + 4h - 7)}{h} \quad h \neq 0$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 2x + 4h - 7 = 2x - 7$$

Find
Eq of
Tan Line
at $x = 2$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x+3}$$

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{x+h+3} - \frac{1}{x+3}}{h}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{x+h+3} - \frac{1}{x+3}}{h}$$

$$= \frac{(x+3) - (x+h+3)}{(x+h+3)(x+3)} \cdot \frac{1}{h}$$

$$= \frac{-h}{(x+h+3)(x+3)h}$$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{-1}{(x+h+3)(x+3)} = \frac{-1}{(x+3)^2}$$

$$f'(2) = \frac{-1}{(2+3)^2} = \frac{-1}{25} = \text{slope of Tangent Line}$$

Point $x = 2$ $y = \frac{1}{2+3} = \frac{1}{5}$

$$(2, \frac{1}{5})$$

$$m = \frac{-1}{25}$$

$$y = m(x - h) + k$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{25}(x - 2) + \frac{1}{5}$$

$$y - y_0 = m(x - x_0)$$

$$y = m(x - x_0) + y_0$$

Derivatives

$$\frac{d}{dx} a = 0$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} (f(x) + g(x)) = \frac{d}{dx} f(x) + \frac{d}{dx} g(x) \\ = f' + g'$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} a f(x) = a \cdot \frac{d}{dx} f(x) \\ = a f'(x)$$

Power
Rule

$$\frac{d}{dx} x^n = n \cdot x^{n-1}$$

Ex

$$y = x^3 - 5x^2 + 7x^{-2} \\ y' = 3x^2 - 10x' - 14x^{-3}$$

Ex $y = \frac{\sqrt{x+4x^2}}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}}$

Algebra: $\frac{x^{1/2}}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{4x^2}{x^{2/3}}$

$$x^{1/2-2/3} + 4x^{2-2/3}$$

$$y = x^{-1/6} + 4x^{4/3}$$

$$y' = -\frac{1}{6}x^{-1/6-1} + 4 \cdot \frac{4}{3}x^{4/3-1}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{6}x^{-7/6} + \frac{16}{3}x^{1/3}$$

Exponential
 $\frac{d}{dx}$

$$e^x = e^x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} a^x = a^x \ln a$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \ln x = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \log_b(x) = \frac{1}{x \ln b}$$

Ex $\frac{d}{dx} a * b^x = a \cdot \frac{d}{dx} b^x$
Exp res $= a \cdot b^x \cdot \ln b$

Ex $\frac{d}{dx} a + b \ln x = b \cdot \frac{1}{x} = \frac{b}{x}$
ln res

Ex $\frac{d}{dx} a * x^b = a \cdot b \cdot x^{b-1}$
 $= a \cdot x \cdot (b-1) \cdot b$

3	1.52	1.56	1.62
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By my Power regressor,
I see that the rate of
change at game 3 is
1.62 goals per game.

GROUP NAME: Squiggles & us

Student Names (First and Last)

Date: 2/11/14

Speaker/Presenter: Kevin I

Independent Variable (x-axis): Hours

Writer/Prep: Anik Patel

Dependant Variable (y-axis): Liters Consumed

Leader/Collaborator: Kevin V

Conclusion (in words): Based on the In reg, alcohol consumption drops by an unsteady rate in liters
 (a) how 2, alcohol is being consumed 0.6L/hr

Supporting Work:

Hours	Liters of alcohol consumed
1	15
2	35
3	50
4	33
5	10

$$\text{In reg} = y_1 = \frac{53.866...}{x}$$

$$\text{expre reg} = y_2 = 11.39... \times 1.60... \times (\ln(1.60))$$

$$\text{ps ver reg} = y_3 = 14.86... \times x^{.20} \times 1.20...$$

X	y ₁	y ₂	y ₃
1	53.867	8.6623	17.425
2	26.933	13.71	20.672
3	17.956	22.326	22.471
4	13.467	35.0	23.841
5	10.773	57.505	24.961
0	ERROR	5.3945	0

GROUP NAME: E1 Business

Date: 2/11/14

Student Names (First and Last)

Speaker/Presenter: Ryan Z

Writer/Prep: Brittany Bays

Leader/Collaborator: Andy Z

Independent Variable (x-axis): World cups

Dependant Variable (y-axis): goals scored

Conclusion (in words): By our exponential regression I see that the rate of change in the 3rd world cup is 2.12 goals per game increasing by

Supporting Work:

→ 2nd / graph 3:

y= clear all table

y1 STAT CALC 0: exp reg

$$y = a * b^x$$

vars 5: → → enter

arrow to the end of

ln (1.0570483993589)

our b value

y2 STAT CALC 9: ln reg

vars 5: → → enter

$$y = a + b \ln x$$

all before b 2nd del ÷

before x

y3 STAT CALC A: pwr

$$y = a * x^b$$

2nd del X before x arrow to b & insert 1 arrow to end

1 1 * .1214701126275
our b

X	Y ₁	Y ₂	Y ₃
3	2.122	1.626	1.575
	exp reg	ln reg	pwr reg

Want to keep fans engaged with more goals being scored in the game.

GROUP NAME: The Rust Jobs ☺

Student Names (First and Last)

Date: 1 FEB 14

Speaker/Presenter: Keith Meseroll

Independent Variable (x-axis): Days

Writer/Prep: Greg M. Long

Dependant Variable (y-axis): Rust!

Leader/Collaborator: Harrison

Conclusion (in words): Shit rusts fast according to our power graph at 7 days
 our accumulation of rust is at 3.877%
 Rust grows percent per day

Supporting Work:

days	rust
2	3
4	14
6	19
	24
1	29
	38

$$Y_1 = 3.6615386355279 \times 1.24098154^x \times \ln(1.24098154)$$

$$Y_2 = 17.922486375203 / 3$$

$$Y_3 = 1.5460484852833 \cdot 1.327123516703 \cdot X^{(1.327123516703)}$$

exponential laws powers

X	Y ₁	Y ₂	Y ₃
7	3.589	2.566	3.877

GROUP NAME: ILUV SHOES

Student Names (First and Last)

Date: 2/11/14

Speaker/Presenter: DOMINIQUE C.

Independent Variable (x-axis): \$1,000

Writer/Prep: Valeen Sinclair

Dependant Variable (y-axis): shoes

Leader/Collaborator: MARSDALENA CORRAL

Based off of Conclusion (in words):

~~By my power regression, I see that the rate of change~~
~~is constant at~~
0.165 shoes per \$5,000 or 0.165

Supporting Work:

~~per every thousand~~
~~dollars.~~

1) Exp Regression

$$y_1 = 131.703 \cdot 1.001^x \cdot \ln(1.001)$$

$$A = 131.703$$

$$B = 1.001$$

$$A \cdot B^x \cdot \ln B$$

2) Ln Regression

$$y_2 = 76.726 \cdot 1/x$$

A =

$$B = 76.726$$

$$B/x$$

3) Power Regression

$$y_3 = 27.092 \cdot x^{(0.349 - 1)} \cdot 0.349$$

$$A = 27.092$$

$$B = 0.349$$

$$A \cdot x^{B-1} \cdot B$$

GROUP NAME: I ♥ Science

Date: 2/11/14

Student Names (First and Last)

Speaker/Presenter: Lindsay L.

Writer/Prep: Corina H.

Independent Variable (x-axis): Time (Hours)

Dependent Variable (y-axis): Drug Concentration (ppm)

Leader/Collaborator: _____

Conclusion (in words): According to a power regression, at 1 hour the rate of drug being metabolized is decreasing by 8.294 ppm/hr.

Supporting Work:

x	y
0.01	100
1	80
2	50
3	40
4	35

Power Regression: $53.76715131x^{-0.154250304}$
 y_2 : Derivative: $53.7...x^{(0.154...-1)}(-0.154...)$

x	y_2
1	-8.294
2	-3.726
3	-2.334
8	-0.75