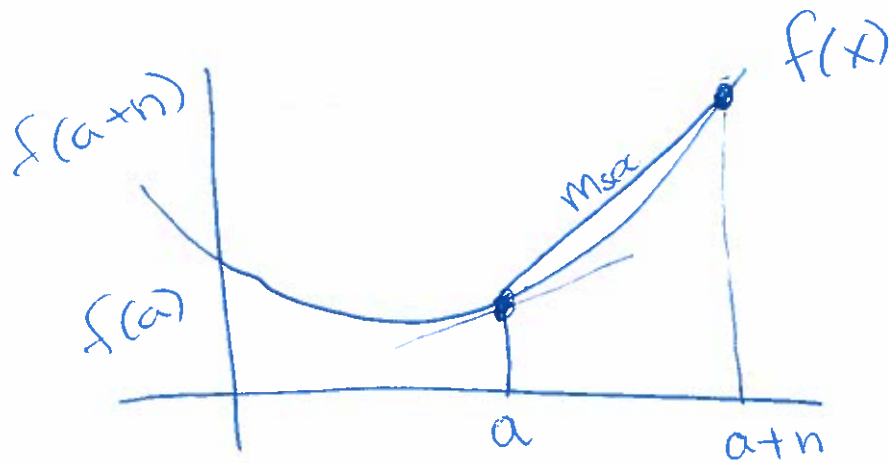


Instantaneous Rate of Change



Slope of secant line $m_{sec} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$

$$m_{sec} = \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} = \text{Ave rate between } a \text{ \& } a+h.$$

$$m_{tan} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}$$

Definition of Derivative

Slope of tangent line

Instantaneous rate of change

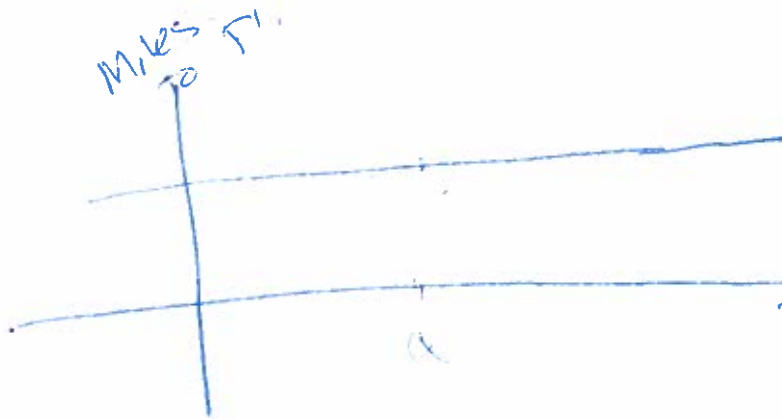
$$f'(a) \quad \text{or} \quad \left. \frac{dy}{dx} \right|_{x=a} \quad D_x(a)$$

Derivative
at a
Point

$$f'(a)$$

Derivative
as a
Function

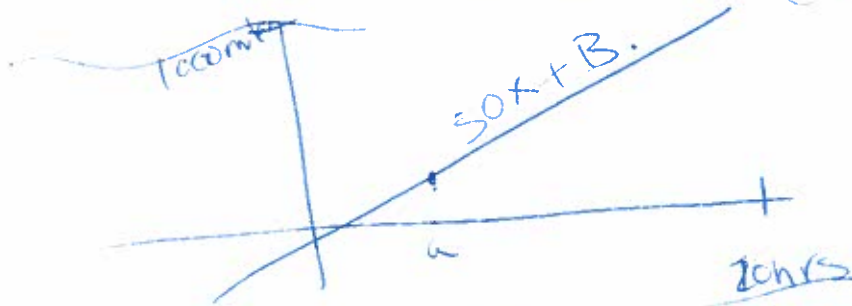
$$f'(x)$$



time (hrs)

$$f(x) = \text{constant}$$

$$f'(x) = 0$$



$$f(x) = Ax + B$$

$$f'(x) = A$$



$$f(x) = Ax^2 + Bx + C$$

$$f'(x) = 2Ax + B$$



$$f(x) = Ax^3 + Bx^2 + Cx + D$$

$$f'(x) = 3Ax^2 + 2Bx + C$$

$$f(x) = Ax^4 + Bx^3 + Cx^2 + Dx + E$$

$$f'(x) = 4Ax^3 + 3Bx^2 + 2Cx + D$$

$$f(x) = Ax^2 + Bx + C$$

$$f(a+h) = A(a+h)^2 + B(a+h) + C$$

$$= Aa^2 + A \cdot 2ah + Ah^2 + \underbrace{Ba}_{Ba} + \underbrace{Bh}_{Bh} + \underbrace{C}_{C}$$

$$f(a) = Aa^2$$

$$\frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} = \frac{2Aah + Ah^2 + Bh}{h}$$

$$\frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} = 2Aa + Ah + B$$

$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} 2Aa + \overset{0}{Ah} + B$$

$$f'(a) = 2Aa + B$$

$$f'(x) = 2Ax + B$$

$$Y_1 = (\text{lin reg})'$$

$$Y_2 = (\text{Quad reg})'$$

$$Y_3 = (\text{cubic reg})'$$

$$Y_4 = (\text{Quart reg})'$$

$$Y_5 = \text{nderiv} \left(\frac{\text{Function}}{\text{X}}, \text{X}, \frac{\text{X}}{\text{X}} \right)$$

\swarrow
math nderiv

Evaluate at $\frac{\text{X}}{\text{X}}$

GROUP NAME: <u>Science</u> Date: <u>6 FEB 19</u>	Student Names (First and Last) Speaker/Presenter: <u>Corrina Hansen</u>
Independant Variable (x-axis): <u>Time (hrs)</u> Dependant Variable (y-axis): <u>Day Concentration (PPM)</u>	Writer/Prep: <u>Ludsy Lunsberry</u> Leader/Collaborator: _____

Conclusion (in words): According to a quadratic function (y_2) at 8 hours the day concentration is increasing by 25.857 PPM/hr.

Supporting Work:

Time hrs	Day Concentration (PPM)
0	100
1	80
2	50
3	40
4	35

$$y_1 = -17$$

$$y_2 = 2 * 3.57 * x' + 51.28$$

$$y_3 = 3 * 1.25 * x^2 + 2x - 3.92 * x' - 20.53$$

$$y_4 = 4 * -1.57 * x^3 + 3 * 16.24 * x^2 + 2x - 40.62 * x' + 6.24$$

X	y_1	y_2	y_3	y_4	y_5
1	-17	-24.141	-24.64	-33.75	-33.75
2	-17	-17	-21.25	-21.25	-21.25
3	-17	-9.857	-10.56	-12.5	-12.5

GROUP NAME: <u>Shoes</u>	Student Names (First and Last)
Date: <u>2/6/14</u>	Speaker/Presenter: <u>DOMINIQUE CARNEY</u>
Independent Variable (x-axis): <u>\$1,000</u>	Writer/Prep: <u>Valeen Sinclair</u>
Dependant Variable (y-axis): <u>Shoes</u>	Leader/Collaborator: <u>Dominique Carney</u>

Conclusion (in words):
 At \$701K we pick up 1.3 pairs of shoes for every \$1K we make.

Supporting Work:

$(2Ax + B)$

(Linear)

$y_1 = 0.2295146724711$

(Quadratic)

$y_2 = 2 * 1.2339020032123E-$

$4x^2 + 1.0765672913912$

(Cubic)

$y_3 = 3 * -6.8514018945897E-$

$7x^2 + 2 * .00119070041486x^1$

$1 + -0.34640159440677$

(Quartic)

$y_4 = 4 * -1.3655511318911E-8x^3 + 3 * 2$

$.4590296844789E-5x^2 + 2 * .013$

$8.0672026753x^1 + 2.8823226738187$

y_5 (Derivative)

X	Y
100	145
205	170
505	185
607	280
909	330

GROUP NAME: Rusty Group

Date: Feb. 6, 2014

Student Names (First and Last) Greg McWay

Speaker/Presenter: Brandon Kelly

Independent Variable (x-axis): years

Writer/Prep: Keith Meseroll

Dependant Variable (y-axis): % of Rust

Leader/Collaborator: Harrison

Conclusion (in words):

The Rust increases by 24% Per year, in 2014 according to quartic regression.

Supporting Work:

L_1	L_2
1470	3
1480	14
1490	19
2000	24
2010	29
2014	38

$$Y_1 = 641.1111$$

$$Y_2 = 2x - 3.3e^{-4}x^1 + 2x2.091111$$

$$Y_3 = 3x^3 + 9.451111e^{-4}x^2 + 2x - 5.661111x + 11285.131111$$

$$Y_4$$

GROUP NAME: Squiggles & Us
 Date: 2/6/2014

Student Names (First and Last)
 Speaker/Presenter: Kevin I

Independent Variable (x-axis): month
 Dependent Variable (y-axis): # of iPhone 4s sold

Writer/Prep: Kevin I
 Leader/Collaborator: Kevin I
 Trainee: Anik Patel

Conclusion (in words): At 25 months the sales will drop to 45 per month

Supporting Work:

x	y
5	100
10	75
15	50
20	40
25	60

* Linear *

$$y_1 = -1.3$$

* Quadratic *

$$y_2 = 2 \times .1571 \dots x + -6.0142$$

* Cubic *

$$y_3 = 3 \times -.046 \dots x^2 + 2.2571 \dots x + -33.5476$$

* Quartic *

$$y_4 = 4 \times -.0133 \dots x^3 + .7533 \dots x^2 + -14.2066 \dots x + 102.1666$$

$$y_5 = 5 \times (.0015) \dots x^4 + .3099 \dots x^3 + -7.81 \dots x^2 + 102.1666$$

GROUP NAME: E1 Business

Date: 1/6/14

Student Names (First and Last)

Speaker/Presenter: Ryan Z.

Independent Variable (x-axis): World Cups

Dependant Variable (y-axis): Goals Scored

Writer/Prep: Brittany Bayo

Leader/Collaborator: Andy Z.

Conclusion (in words): The ^(derivative) instantaneous rate of change in the 5th upcoming world cup is increasing by 2.2 goals, 5.65 ~~2.19~~ goals according to our linear, quadratic & cubic regression respectively; per world cup.

Supporting Work:

Y= STAT CALC Y₁ = lin
 VARS 5: > > enter Y₂ = Quad
 Y₃ = Cubic
 Y₄ = Quad
 Y= Y₅ math 8: ~~8:~~
 VARS 5: > > enter Y₅ = ndriv
) X) X) enter

TBLSET set to ask
 Table (second graph)
 input values and confirm
 Y₁ gives same values
 Y₄ & Y₅ give same values

Y= 2nd ~~delete~~ (insert)

Y₁ → delete everything after & including X

Y₂ → 2nd/del 2 [*] down to X change power to 1 go to next X & delete X & all after

Y₃ → 2nd/del 3 [*] down to X change power to 2 go to next term
 2nd/del 2 [*] down to X change power to 1 go to next X & delete it and all that follows

Y₄ → 2nd/del 4 [*] down to X change power to 3 go to next term

2nd/del 3 [*] down to X change power to 2 go to next term
 2nd/del 2 [*] down to X change power to 1 go to next X & delete it and all that follows