MERCER COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE
DIVISION OF SCIENCE AND
HEALTH PROFESSIONS

NURSING PROGRAM

NRS240

TRANSITION TO NURSING PRACTICE

FALL 2014

HANDBOOK
FOR
RN PRECEPTORS AND STUDENTS

Coordinator: Barbara A. Kunkel, RN, MSN
Contact information:
Email: kunkelb@mccc.edu
Cell phone: 609-7314368

Class – Tues 5:30 – 8:30p

Precepted Clinical 8 12-Hr Shifts or 12 8-hr shifts over 5 week course
# TABLE OF CONTENTS

Guidelines for Precepted Clinical: Definition of Precepted Clinical ..........................3  
Goals of Precepted Clinical ..............................................................................................3  
Qualities and Criteria for RN Preceptor ..........................................................................3  
Relationship between RN Preceptor, Student, Clinical Instructor & Coordinator...........3  
RN Preceptor’s Responsibility ..........................................................................................4  
Student’s Responsibility ..................................................................................................4  
Clinical Faculty Responsibility .........................................................................................5  
Course Coordinator’s Responsibility ................................................................................5  
Legal Accountability: A Summary For RN Preceptors ...................................................6  
Delegating Nursing Tasks to Students: Student-RN Preceptor Relationship .................6  
Dealing with the Responsibility .......................................................................................6  
What Students May Not Perform ....................................................................................7  
RN Preceptor Guide for Student Assignments ...............................................................8  
Sample Guidelines for Clinical responsibilities and assignments for students ...............8, 9  
Guidelines for Medication Administration ....................................................................10  
ASSESSMENT FORMS: ..................................................................................................11  
Daily Student Self-Assessment of Clinical Performance Form ....................................12  
Daily RN Preceptor Assessment of Student Clinical Performance Form ....................13  
Student Evaluation of RN Preceptor Form ..................................................................14  
GUIDES FOR STUDENTS DURING PRECEPTED EXPERIENCE ..............................15  
Worksheet for Daily Student Objectives Form .............................................................15  
Change of Shift Report Guidelines ................................................................................16  
Patient Data Collection Form ........................................................................................17  
Guidelines on How to Organize and Prioritize Care to Groups of Clients ..................18  
Observation Guidelines When Making Rounds .............................................................19  
Guidelines for Delegating Client Care While Caring for Multiple Client Assignments ..........................................................20  
Documentation Guidelines ............................................................................................21  
RN Clinical Preceptor Signature Page ..........................................................................22
Dear Clinical Preceptor,

We deeply appreciate your taking the leadership role in providing clinical preceptorship to a designated MCCC NRS 240 student nurse. These guidelines will be reviewed with you by the course coordinator or a designated oversight faculty for this course. The guidelines have also been reviewed with the students during their first theory class. Please maintain a copy readily available as a reference and please do not hesitate to contact me via cell phone at any time with any question you may have.

You will find a statement on the last page for you to affix your signature as evidence that we have reviewed the RN Clinical Preceptorship Guidelines with you.

Thank you.

Barbara A. Kunkel
Barbara A. Kunkel, RN, MSN
NRS 240 Course Coordinator

These guidelines were developed in collaboration with faculty from Gloucester County Community College, Brookdale Community College, and Ocean County College.

GUIDELINES FOR PRECEPTED CLINICAL

DEFINITION OF PRECEPTED CLINICAL:
A precepted clinical involves a one-to-one relationship between a senior nursing student and an experienced registered nurse during the last semester of the Nursing Program. The RN preceptor provides opportunity for the student to live the life of a nurse for five weeks making the learned theory become more of a reality.

GOALS OF PRECEPTED CLINICAL:
1. Prepare students for the demands and realities of nursing practice.
2. Ease the transition of graduate to RN role.
3. Increase confidence and competence.

QUALITIES AND CRITERIA FOR PRECEPTOR:
1. CREDENTIALS: current licensure as a registered nurse for a minimum of 3-5 years.
2. EXPERIENCE as a health care professional.
3. CRITERIA FOR SELECTION: Each RN Clinical Preceptor is recommended by both the Nurse Manager and Nursing Education Director.
RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN PRECEPTOR, STUDENT, CLINICAL INSTRUCTOR AND COURSE COORDINATOR: This relationship will have positive student learning when all of the following exist:

4. Excellent communication  5. Committed collaboration

PRECEPTOR’S RESPONSIBILITY:
The following will be provided to each assigned RN preceptor:

1. **NRS 240 Transition To Practice Course Outline**
   1) Description of Clinical Laboratory
   2) Objectives for Precepted Clinical Experience
   3) Description of Student-Preceptor-Faculty Meetings
   4) Evaluation Guidelines

2. **Preceptor-Student Handbook**
3. **Dos and Don’ts for Preceptor Guide**
4. **Student Skills Checklist Form**
5. **Evaluation Forms**
   1) *Daily Preceptor Assessment of Student Clinical Performance Form*
   2) *NRS 240 Clinical Laboratory Performance Evaluation Form (long and short form found at the end of the course outline)*

6. Work with course coordinator/clinical faculty to plan, implement, and
   1) Assess student learning experience.
7. Meet with student to set up clinical hours, review student skills checklist, and set
   goals based on increasing level of responsibility.
8. Provide ongoing clinical experiences allowing for appropriate and increasing levels
   of independence based on assessment of student readiness and safety.
9. Provide student with a daily summary on **Preceptor’s Daily Assessment of Students Clinical Performance Form** (found on the web site).
10. Communicate weekly with Clinical Instructor about student performance.
11. Serve as a role model to the student demonstrating best clinical nursing practice
12. Provide positive learning experiences.
13. Maintain ongoing open communication with student, Clinical Faculty, Course Coordinator.
14. Notify student and clinical faculty of any short notice schedule change whereby the
    RN preceptor will be unable to fulfill RN preceptor responsibilities. *
    * **Any change of RN preceptor must be coordinated through the medical facility nursing education office and the course coordinator.**
15. Preceptors are responsible to their clients first, students second.
16. **Call course coordinator, Barbara Kunkel, RN, MSN, at 609-731-4368 immediately for any unsafe nursing practice.**
**STUDENT’S RESPONSIBILITY:**

1. Students are responsible for their own learning and actions.
2. Apply legal, ethical, and nurse practice standards to determine own practice taking responsibility for own actions.
3. Complete *Skills Checklist* prior to meeting preceptor. Take to preceptor meeting.
4. Contact RN preceptor and set up clinical schedule, a copy of this is to be sent via email to clinical faculty and course coordinator.
5. During orientation and throughout the experience identify and communicate learning needs to course coordinator/clinical faculty/RN preceptor.
6. Complete hospital required orientation, including Joint Commission mandatory training and computer orientation before the end of the first week of the semester.
7. Work collaboratively with course coordinator/clinical faculty/RN preceptor.
8. Notify the clinical faculty and course coordinator of any short notice change in RN preceptor’s schedule, whereby the RN preceptor will not be able to fulfill RN preceptor responsibilities.*
   * Any change of RN preceptor must be coordinated through the medical facility nursing education office and the course coordinator.
10. Complete *Worksheet for Daily Student Objectives* and review with RN preceptor.
11. Document a weekly journal entry via Angel platform course discussion forum.
12. Meet daily with preceptor to review progress as outlined on the *Daily Preceptor Assessment of Student Clinical Performance*; complete the *Daily Student Self Assessment of Clinical Performance Form* prior to this meeting.
13. Attend a weekly conference with clinical faculty on campus on Tuesdays as necessary.
14. Attend two-hour clinical orientation meeting and three-hour summative meeting on campus led by Course Coordinator
15. Complete an assessment of preceptor at course end using the *Student Assessment of Preceptor Form*.
16. Complete a clinical site evaluation at course end.
17. Complete a course evaluation at course end.
18. Complete faculty evaluations at course end.

**CLINICAL FACULTY RESPONSIBILITY:**

1. Set up a meeting and/or communication schedule with the RN preceptor and student to be implemented on at least a weekly basis to monitor student progress and assist with resolving issues.
2. Clinical faculty to visit clinical faculty with RN preceptor and student are on duty once prior to third week and once prior to the completion of the clinical preceptorship.
3. Provide contact information to RN preceptor of how to reach instructor via phone and email so RN preceptor has access to instructor.
4. Plan weekly debriefing meeting with assigned clinical students.
5. Review weekly journal submissions via email by student based on rubric.
6. Based on input from preceptor and observations, complete week three and week five student clinical evaluation.
7. Notify the course coordinator of any situation whereby the RN preceptor has short notice schedule changes or other situations whereby the RN preceptor is unable to fulfill RN preceptor responsibilities.

COURSE COORDINATOR RESPONSIBILITY
1. Plan clinical experiences with Director of Clinical Education of clinical sites.
2. Provide orientation to RN preceptors of preceptor concept, role and expectations outlined in the RN Preceptor/Student Handbook.
3. Provide hardcopy forms as well forms available on-line for daily student evaluation.
4. Provide Guidelines for Precepted Clinical hardcopy and on-line.
5. Provide information to students about connecting with preceptor.
6. Assist in planning and collaborating on weekly student meetings on campus.
7. Facilitate successful clinical experiences designed to achieve clinical outcomes.
8. Maintain communication between college and clinical agencies.
9. Provide support to RN preceptor/student/clinical instructor.
10. Finalizes all grades.

LEGAL ACCOUNTABILITY: A SUMMARY FOR PRECEPTORS

The Nurse Practice Act in New Jersey provides for the delegation of nursing tasks to subordinates commensurate with their level of skill and understanding (Title 13, Chapter 37, section 6.2). It is specified that it is the responsibility of the delegating nurse to determine the level of competence of the subordinate. This requirement to supervise the safe practice of subordinates applies to clinical nursing instructors and students.

Faculty can delegate to clinical students only those activities for which they could reasonably be expected to demonstrate competence and what is identified in course competencies.

If a student demonstrates an inability to deliver safe client care at the level required by the course competencies or poses a threat to client safety, faculty have a legal obligation to preserve the safety of the client and dismiss the student within the parameters of the academic grading policy.
THE FOLLOWING GUIDELINES SHOULD BE FOLLOWED IN DELEGATING NURSING TASKS TO THE STUDENTS:

1. STUDENT – RN PRECEPTOR RELATIONSHIP:
   a. **The student is not working on your license. No one can work under another’s license.** The student has the right by law to practice incidental to the education process. The standard of care must be the same as that rendered by the RN because everyone has a right to expect competent nursing care, even if provided by a student as part of clinical training (measured against conduct of other reasonably prudent RN’s with similar knowledge and experience under same circumstances).
   b. Under the law, **each person is responsible for his own actions.**
   c. The preceptor has responsibility **to delegate according to the student’s abilities and to supply adequate supervision.**
   d. The RN preceptor has the responsibility to be **clear about what the student can or cannot do.**
   e. **When students do not possess the skills needed to carry out an assigned function, acting with reasonable care requires them to refuse to perform the function, even at the risk of appearing insubordinate:** Example: you ask a student to perform tracheostomy suctioning. The student is too embarrassed to tell you she has never done it; If harm comes to the patient, the student is personally liable. The preceptor would be liable if she delegated with knowledge of student’s inexperience.

2. DEALING WITH THE RESPONSIBILITY:
   a. At the very beginning find out what the student can and cannot do.
   b. Let students know that they must inform you if they are unsure and need help or supervision.
   c. Delegation to students is based on the student’s abilities, and adequate supervision.
   d. CHECK THINGS CAREFULLY AT FIRST: THIS IS A NEW SITUATION FOR BOTH OF YOU. TAKE MORE RISKS AS THE EXPERIENCE PROGRESSES.
What Students May Not Perform

Students may not:

- Administer blood products.
- Perform venipuncture or insert intravenous catheters.
- May not administer intravenous push medications.
- Take verbal or telephone orders from prescribing health care professionals.
- May not transcribe any orders from prescribing health care professionals.
- May not perform admission assessments. Student may do an admission assessment and document but the RN must complete the admission assessment.
- May not document patient discharge. Students may participate in the discharge education.

Students are expected to communicate any questions about areas of responsibility with the assigned clinical RN preceptor.

PRECEPTOR GUIDE FOR STUDENT ASSIGNMENTS

The clinical component of this course consists of 96 hours over a five week period. The clinical lab consists of eight twelve-hour shifts (either 7Am to 7Pm or 7 Pm to 7 AM); or 12 eight-hour shifts (days, evenings, or nights); or, a match of shifts that have been approved by the course coordinator, over five weeks at the assigned clinical facility with a RN preceptor plus one clinical observation experience. (If necessary, the student can break up the clinical experience based on personal needs as compared to the preceptor’s schedule as long as the 96 hours are met).

The Mercer County Community College clinical instructor is available during these clinical experiences; faculty does not have the usual direct instructional role with students on the clinical unit. The faculty serves in a resource and support role for the student and the preceptor. Faculty visit on a daily basis and communicate with students, preceptors verbally and electronically.

The one-to-one relationship that the student has with the preceptor and the real life clinical day provides students with additional opportunities to develop professional and
clinical skills. Each day of the clinical experience the student gradually assumes responsibility for the preceptor’s typical client care assignment, including the delegation of care to others, and the supervision of the staff members as they implement the delegated aspects of client care. Students will practice and refine skills in clinical decision-making and collaboration.

SAMPLE GUIDELINES FOR CLINICAL RESPONSIBILITIES AND ASSIGNMENTS

1. **WEEK ONE:**
   - Students complete course clinical orientation
   - Students complete agency, hospital, and unit specific orientation
     - Computer documentation
     - Medication administration
     - Review of hospital policies
     - Unit tour, meet staff and Nurse Manager
   - Student follows preceptor and observes implementation of the assignment.
     - Student observes preceptor delegation
     - Observe giving and receiving report
     - Observe documentation including client education, discharge and admission (if possible)
     - Observe collaboration with team members
     - Observe all other aspects of client care management

2. **WEEK TWO:**
   - Day one: Assign student to two clients (including shift report, treatments, teaching, documentation, no medication). Participate in client admissions, transfers, and discharges.
   - Day two: Take same two clients with same responsibilities, add medications with the nurse.

3. **WEEK THREE:**
   - Day one: Assign student to three clients (including shift report, treatments, teaching, documentation, no medication). Participate in client admissions, transfers, discharges.
   - Day two: Take same three clients with same responsibilities, add medications with the nurse.
     - Student may begin to delegate part of the assignment to other nursing team members according to the nursing unit’s model of care

4. **WEEK FOUR:**
• **Day one**: Assign student to four clients (including shift report, treatments, teaching, documentation, no medication). Participate in client admissions, transfers, discharges.
• **Day two**: Take same four clients with same responsibilities, add medications with the nurse.
  - Student communicates/collaborates with other health team members
  - NO VERBAL ORDERS CAN BE TAKEN FROM PHYSICIANS

5. **WEEK FIVE**:
• **Day one**: Assign student to four clients (including shift report, treatments, teaching, documentation, no medication). Participate in client admissions, transfers, discharges.
• **Day two**: Take same four clients with same responsibilities, add medications with the nurse.


**GUIDELINES FOR MEDICATION ADMINISTRATION**

1. Students must be knowledgeable about medication.
2. Students will use PDA resources to look up medication.
3. If medication information is not available in PDA reference then the student will look up the medication on a reputable online site or call the pharmacist.
4. Students must follow the ten rights of medication administration
5. Students must assess client’s status related to specific drug therapy
6. Students must appropriately communicate assessments and evaluations with regard to medications to preceptor
7. Students will make decisions with regard to withholding medications, continuing medications in cooperation with preceptor
8. Student’s will know current laboratory values/glucose levels pertinent to medications
9. Students will not pull controlled medications without RN present
10. Students will follow facility policy for recording and wasting narcotics with RN present
11. Students will be checked for competency by instructor or preceptor for administration of IV, IM, SC medications. This includes changing IV bags.
12. When competency has been established student may administer IV’s, IVPB’s, IM’s, SC’s with RN supervision.
13. Students may observe the checking and hanging of blood and blood productions.
14. Students may observe the administration of IV push medications.
15. Students will DOUBLE CHECK each dose of any “high risk” medication per hospital policy, to include, at a minimum: heparin, Lovenox, insulin, potassium narcotics, and cardiovascular medications. High risk medications will be checked with the RN preceptor before administration. Co-signature will be done in accordance with facility policy.
16. Students will check all dosage calculations with preceptor before administering medications.
17. Students will check all newly transcribed medication orders with preceptor before administering the medication. STUDENTS MAY NOT TRANSCRIBE ORDERS.
18. Students will document all medication administration appropriately – immediately after administration.
19. Students will provide appropriate client teaching regarding medications.

Students are expected to communicate any questions about administration of medications with the preceptor.

**Ten Rights of Medication Administration**

10 rights when administrating medications are important identifiers or checklists to prevent errors and ensure the safety of the patient and your license as a nurse.

The following are the 10 Rights of Drug Administration:

1. **Right Drug** (check if it’s the right name and form)
2. **Right Patient** (ask the name of the client before giving the medication)
3. **Right Dose** (check the medication sheet and the doctor’s order before medicating)
4. **Right Route** (check the order if it’s oral, IV, SQ, IM, etc.)
5. **Right Time and Frequency** (check the order for when it would be given and when was the last time it was given)
6. **Right Documentation** (make sure to right the time and any remarks on the chart correctly)
7. **Right History and Assessment** (secure a copy of the client’s history to drug interactions and allergies)
8. Drug approach and **Right to Refuse** (give the client enough autonomy to refuse to the medication after thoroughly explaining the effects)
9. **Right Drug-Drug Interaction and Evaluation** (review any medications previously given or the diet of the patient that can yield a bad interaction to the drug to be given)

10. **Right Education and Information** (provide enough knowledge to the patient of what drug he/she would be taking and what are the expected therapeutic and side effects)

Source: Joint Commission, 2013.
**MERCER COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE**  
**DIVISION OF MATH, SCIENCE AND HEALTH PROFESSIONS**  
**NURSING PROGRAM**  
**NRS 240 - TRANSITION TO PRACTICE**

**Daily STUDENT SELF-ASSESSMENT OF CLINICAL PERFORMANCE**

**STUDENT NAME:** ____________________________  **Week of:** ____________________________

The following is a daily check list to be completed by the student and reviewed with the preceptor.

Please fill in the date and the number of student hours under the respective day of the week. Evaluate clinical performance for each clinical day using the following:

- **E** = Excellent;  
- **S** = Satisfactory;  
- **NI** = Needs Improvement

Any areas needing improvement need goals set for improvement – document under goals.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Daily Assessment</th>
<th>Sun</th>
<th>Mon</th>
<th>Tues</th>
<th>Wed</th>
<th>Thurs</th>
<th>Fri</th>
<th>Sat</th>
<th>Sun</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Date:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Number of Student Hours:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Subject Knowledge</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Professional Behavior</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Client Interaction</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Psychomotor/Clinical Skills</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Safe Performance</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Organization</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Time Management</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Collaboration</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Flexibility</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Clinical Judgment/Critical thinking</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. Level of involvement in learning</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Goals for Improvement:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Goal(s) – continue on reverse side as needed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Signature of STUDENT: ____________________________  Date: ____________

Signature of PRECEPTOR: ____________________________  Date: ____________

Created December 2010; Revised April 2012; Revised March 2014
RN PRECEPTOR ASSESSMENT OF STUDENT CLINICAL PERFORMANCE

STUDENT NAME: __________________________ Week of ______________

The following is a daily check list to be completed by preceptor and submitted weekly.

Please fill in the date and the number of student hours under the respective day of the week

Evaluate clinical performance for each clinical day using the following:
E = Excellent; S = Satisfactory; NI = Needs Improvement

Please comment on student progress on improvement goals in the area below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Daily Assessment</th>
<th>Sun</th>
<th>Mon</th>
<th>Tues</th>
<th>Wed</th>
<th>Thurs</th>
<th>Fri</th>
<th>Sat</th>
<th>Sun</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fill in date for clinical hours:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Student Hours:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. Subject Knowledge</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. Professional Behavior</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. Client Interaction</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15. Psychomotor/Clinical Skills</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16. Safe Performance</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17. Organization</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18. Time management</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19. Collaboration</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20. Flexibility</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21. Clinical Judgment/Critical</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>thinking</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22. Level of involvement in learning</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Progress on Improvement Goals:

| Signature of STUDENT: __________________________ Date: ______________ |
| Signature of PRECEPTOR: _________________________ Date: ______________ |

Created December 2010; Revised April 2012; Revised March 2014.
MERCER COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE
DIVISION OF SCIENCE AND HEALTH PROFESSIONS
NURSING PROGRAM
NRS 240 TRANSITION TO PRACTICE
STUDENT EVALUATION OF PRECEPTOR

Student: _______________________________  Semester and year: ______________________

Preceptor: ______________________________

Preceptor’s Clinical Facility: ___________________________  Clinical Unit: ______

Based on the following scale please indicate how you feel the preceptor met the following objectives by placing a mark in the appropriate box:

1: strongly disagree; 2: disagree; 3: agree; 4: strongly agree

The Preceptor:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Objectives</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Possessed clinical knowledge and expertise in area of specialty</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Demonstrated high level of clinical competence in area of specialty</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Stimulated personal and professional growth in nursing</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Utilized effective teaching strategies facilitating the learning experience</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Created an accepting, supportive and positive learning environment</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Was physically present and available as a resource at all times while in the clinical setting</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Was a professional role mode in providing effective, efficient, and safe nursing care</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Observed and assisted in the performance of simple and complex procedures while adhering to agency policy and procedures</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Provided positive and constructive feedback at the daily evaluation meetings setting goals for improvement</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

COMMENTS:

Created December 2010
GUIDES FOR STUDENTS DURING PRECEPTED EXPERIENCE

WORKSHEET FOR DAILY STUDENT OBJECTIVES

DIRECTIONS: Use this outline as a framework to think about your personal needs as you develop daily objectives with your preceptor. Share this completed assessment with your preceptor each day. Print one for each day you are in clinical and fill out prior to the clinical day. Take with you, sharing your goals with your preceptor.

1. Communication with:
   _______ A. staff nurses
   _______ B. doctors
   _______ C. ancillary staff
   _______ D. staff from other departments

2. Organization:
   _______ A. assignments
   _______ B. delegation to others
   _______ C. time management
   _______ D. receiving and giving report
   _______ E. computer documentation

3. Specific Nursing Skills:
   _______ A. nursing procedures
   _______ B. nursing assessment
   _______ C. client teaching
   _______ D. clear and comprehensive documentation
   _______ E. critical pathways (if applicable)
   _______ F. collaboration
   _______ G. discharge planning
   _______ H. computer or Kardex record system

4. Hospital Rules and Regulations:
   _______ A. proper use of policy and procedure manual
   _______ B. work safety procedures
   _______ C. medication safety procedures

5. Miscellaneous:
   _______ A. self-confidence
   _______ B. assertiveness
   _______ C. conflict resolution
   _______ D. assuming primary responsibility for identifying own learning needs
CHANGE OF SHIFT REPORT GUIDELINES

PURPOSE:
1. To report to the oncoming personnel about the condition of each client and the nursing care given during the previous shift
2. To keep the nursing staff informed concerning methods of treatment, nursing care, current teaching plans, psychosocial issues, critical problems
3. To identify priority concern

The nurse uses the computerized and hardcopy chart, kardex, and report sheets to give report

Checklist:
1. Client’s name, age, room number, doctors, hospital day post admission or postop, chief complaint, diagnoses, surgical procedures or reason for admission, CODE STATUS, and any changes in the above.
2. Mental status and orientation; summary of critical elements of physical assessment
3. Focus of nursing care that must be given over the next 24 hours (e.g., increased ambulation, encouraging ADL’s, teaching).
4. Changes in the client’s condition or treatments within the last 24 hours.
5. Emphasis on nursing care needed within the next 2 hours: special symptoms to be observed (increased temperature, bleeding), special treatments (IV’s, force fluids, NPO, prn or single medications, specimens to be obtained.
6. Medications: new meds or changes, reason ordered, potential side effects, problems with administration, prn meds with last time given and patient response; frequency required.
7. Treatments: new orders, rationale for treatment, time scheduled, and client response.
8. Diagnostic tests: dates and times scheduled, related special orders, tests completed in the last 24 hours, observations, medications or unusual reactions.
9. Dressing and drainage: amount, color, character, recommendations for care and frequency of dressing change.
10. Learning needs and progress: pre-op and post-op teaching, return demonstration, follow-up and discharge teaching such as medications and dressing changes
11. Plans for discharge and continuity of care agency referral.
12. Need for in-house referral; status of referral and forms.
13. Consultation with other members of the health care team; recommendations for physical therapy, scheduling of tests, need for social services.
14. Status of support network, family; any visitations; special concerns.
PATIENT DATA COLLECTION FORM

Students should copy one of these forms for each patient assigned. It should be used to collect data throughout the shift period to be utilized rather than notebooks, loose leaf binders, etc. It is then used to give shift report.

Data Collection Form is found on the Angel website under Resources. It is the student’s responsibility to make enough copies for the clinical experience.
GUIDELINES ON
HOW TO ORGANIZE AND PRIORITIZE CARE TO
GROUPS OF CLIENTS

PURPOSE: to assist student in organizing and prioritizing the basic workload of a staff nurse

ORGANIZING STEPS:
1. Obtain assignment
2. Receive report from previous shift.
3. Identify priority alterations based on report and understanding of medical diagnosis; Identify which clients to see first based on priority assessments
4. Complete client assessments/Vs
5. Check client charts to identify new orders; check every few hours
6. Collect results of diagnostic tests, progress notes
7. Make rounds on all clients and repeat as frequently as necessary during shift.
   - Perform client care (AM/PM care):
   - VS and document
   - I&O and document
   - Feed clients and record intake; return meal trays
   - Maintain neat client unit
   - Perform ordered treatments
   - Update care plan
   - Safely administer medications
   - Manage IV’s and document
   - Provide client teaching/document
   - Provide for client’s psychosocial needs
   - Pain assessment, reassessment, document
8. Assist physicians with clients
9. Attend physician rounds on assigned clients
10. Admit new clients/transfer/discharge as assigned
11. Give change of shift report
12. Participate in client conferences, quality improvement activities, and inservice activities
13. Assure equipment safety
OBSERVATION GUIDELINES WHEN MAKING ROUNDS

Purpose: To observe, assess, plan, and direct nursing care to fulfill the needs of a group of clients.

Issues to be addressed during observational rounds include:

1. Observe the general condition and appearance of each client
   - Does the client appear comfortable?
   - Is edema, dyspnea, and/or pain present?
   - Is an IV present? Check site and status of current infusion, Plan to add a new bag bottle. Determine when it will be due
   - Identify all equipment being utilized; check function (infusion pump, suction, urinary catheters, tubes, drains, etc)

2. Note approach that is effective when interacting with the client
   - Is the client glad to have people come in to see him/her
   - Is the client apprehensive?
   - Do you detect the need to further assess client mental status or mood?

3. Anticipate specific problems that may be encountered in the care of each client
   - Difficulty in moving the client
   - Problems convincing client of the importance of following instructions and participating in care
   - Risk levels for pressure ulcers, inadequate nutrition, hydration

4. Take note of individual problems voiced by each client
   - Psychosocial issues
   - Participation in plan of care
   - Discharge planning
   - Deficient knowledge

5. Note facts about the client that may need to be reported to other health professionals including the doctor. Also consider important elements of client progress that are important to know should another health professional or physician inquire
   - Pain/discomfort
   - Need for sleep medication
   - Toxic symptoms from ordered medication
   - Status of surgical site/dressing
   - Quality/quantity of drainage from wound or tube
   - Response to specific medical regimen or nursing interventions (tolerating activity or diet)
   - Change in client condition

6. Observe the type and quality of work being done by nursing and ancillary staff
   - Do some appear to need help attending to certain aspects of client care?
   - Does the finished work show attention to detail and concern for client satisfaction and comfort?

7. Note the progress of work for clients assigned to your care
   - Revise assignment if one worker has met situations or emergencies that have prevented him or her from completing the work assigned
   - Consider suggestions to facilitate completion of client care

8. Observe the condition of the unit equipment and general state of housekeeping
   - Refer problems of cleanliness to housekeeping, mechanical problems to Engineering/Maintenance
GUIDELINES FOR DELEGATING CLIENT CARE
WHILE CARING FOR MULTIPLE CLIENT ASSIGNMENTS

1. Receive report from previous shift noting specific date, using Data Collection Form for each client. Note specific data
   • Special and/or immediate nursing care requirements of particular clients (eg: critical laboratory values, dyspnea, hypoglycemia, pain control, incontinence, fever, etc)
   • Changes in physical/psychosocial status
   • Problems requiring new or renewed medical orders
   • Scheduled diagnostic/therapeutic procedures and status of client preparation
   • Status of IV therapy, tube feedings, treatments
   • Additional data outlined in the Change of Shift Report Guidelines

2. Make assignments considering the following:
   • Assign client care tasks to nursing personnel consistent with their legal and experiential limits (scope of practice): (eg: nursing assistant/nursing tech, LPN)
   • Clarify your expectations of the caregivers and identify components of care for which you will provide assistance or assume responsibility
   • Schedule breaks and meals so that adequate care is always available to clients
   • Provide caregivers with guidelines for ongoing reporting of data to you for documentation

3. Make rounds. Introduce self and/or delegated caregivers to clients. Check critical factors in each client’s situation (eg: IV’s dressings, catheters, etc) Assess needs of each client. (Refer to Observation Guidelines When Making Rounds)

4. Implement assigned client care tasks (medications, IV’s, dressings, etc)
5. Maintain ongoing communications with the charge nurse, caregivers, clients
6. Maintain up to date awareness of medical and nursing plans of care
7. Maintain ongoing documentation on client who are assigned to nursing assistants/nursing techs

8. Make rounds with the physicians caring for clients when possible
9. Anticipate teaching needs for individuals in your client group
10. Give report on clients in your group at change of shift.
DOCUMENTATION GUIDELINES

1. Become familiar with agency flow sheets, checklists. Use them appropriately
2. Determine type of note used for nurse’s note.
   - For PIE note keep note problem specific
   - For narrative nurses note include the following:
     o Objective and subjective symptoms
     o Client behavior and mental status
     o Nursing care administered
     o Client responses to medical and nursing care
     o Food and fluid intake
     o Preparation for discharge
     o Client teaching
     o Visitors/doctor visits
3. Use only abbreviations that are approved by the agency
4. Basic charting reminders:
   - Errors should be noted according to agency policy; do not erase; do not scribble; draw horizontal lines to fill in blank spaces in the narrative note
   - Record only facts truthfully and completely
   - Use black ink, and write legibly
   - Chart concurrently rather than once at the end of the shift
   - Use notes from Patient Data Collection Form for each client
   - Document concerns about medical orders
   - Chart for yourself, not for someone else
   - In case of omission, add notation at the end of the note as an addendum
5. Co-signing:
   - Students and preceptors should determine and comply with the co-signing policy of the hospital nursing service department
   - Verify accuracy and completeness of client documentation with preceptor
   - For agencies with computerized information systems, students will review agency requirements and responsibilities for staff nurses and students during orientation
# RN Clinical Preceptor Orientation Checklist

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Page*</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Initials</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Guidelines for Precepted Clinical: Definition of Precepted Clinical</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goals for Precepted Clinical</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recommendation of RN Clinical Preceptor</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relationship between RN Clinical preceptor, Student, Oversight Faculty and Course Coordinator</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RN Clinical Preceptor Responsibilities</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oversight Faculty Responsibilities</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Course Coordinator Responsibilities</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legal Accountability: A Summary for RN Clinical Preceptors</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dealing with Responsibility</td>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>What Students May Not Preform</td>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RN Clinical Preceptor Guide for Student Assignments</td>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sample Guidelines for Clinical Responsibilities and Assignments for Students</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guidelines for Medication Administration / Ten Rights of Medication Administration</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assessment Forms:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Daily Student Self-Assessment of Clinical Performance Form</td>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Daily RN Clinical preceptor Assessment of Student Clinical Performance Form</td>
<td>13</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Evaluation of RN Clinical Preceptor Form</td>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guides for Students During Precepted Clinical Experience:</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Worksheet for daily Student Objectives Form</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change of Shift Report Guidelines</td>
<td>17</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patient Data Collection Form</td>
<td>18</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guidelines on How to Organize and Set Priorities of Care for Groups of Patients</td>
<td>19</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Observation Guidelines When Making Rounds</td>
<td>20</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guidelines for Delegating Patient Care</td>
<td>21</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Documentation Guidelines</td>
<td>22</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RN Clinical Preceptor Signature Page</td>
<td>24</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Handbook for RN preceptors and Students
I, ________________________, have reviewed the RN Clinical Preceptorship Guidelines with ____________________, MCCC Faculty on ____________.

I have received a copy of the RN Clinical Preceptorship Guidelines along with NRS 240 Course Outline.

Signature_________________________ Date________________________

MCCC Faculty Signature_________________________ Date __________

This signature page will be maintained in the RN clinical preceptor folder.