DEFINITIONS OF TERMINOLOGY USED IN NCLEX/TEST BLUEPRINT

- 1. Integrated Processes
- 2. Cognitive Process
- 3. Safe and Effective Care Environment
- 4. Health Promotion and Maintenance
- 5. Psychosocial Integrity
- 6. Physiological Integrity
- 1. <u>INTEGRATED PROCESSES</u>: The following processes are fundamental to the practice of nursing and are integrated throughout the CLIENT NEEDS categories and subcategories:
 - NURSING PROCESS: scientific, clinical reasoning approach to client care that includes –
 - Assessment
 - Analysis
 - Planning
 - o Implementation
 - Evaluation
 - CARING: interaction of the nurse and client in an atmosphere of mutual respect and trust. In this collaborative environment, the nurse provides encouragement, hope, support, and compassion to help achieve desired outcomes
 - **COMMUNICATION** and **DOCUMENTATION** verbal and nonverbal interactions between the nurse and the client, the client's significant others, and other members of the health care team.
 - Events and activities associated with client care are recorded in written and/or electronic records that demonstrate adherence to the standards of practice and accountability in the provision of care
 - **TEACHING/LEARNING** facilitation of the acquisition of knowledge, skills, and attitudes promoting a change in behavior
- 2. <u>COGNITIVE PROCESSES</u> lower order to higher order thinking skills, simple to complex types of questions
 - REMEMBERING:
 - o Recognizing
 - Identifying
 - o Recalling
 - o retrieving
 - UNDERSTANDING
 - o Interpreting:
 - Exemplifying

- o Classifying
- Summarizing
- o Comparing
- o Explaining
- APPLICATION
 - Executing (carrying out)
 - Implementing (using)
- ANALYSIS
 - Differentiating
 - o Organizing
 - o Attributing
- EVALUATE
 - Checking
 - Critiquing
- 3. **SAFE AND EFFECTIVE CARE:** The nurse promotes achievement of client outcomes by providing and directing nursing care that enhances the care delivery setting in order to protect clients and health care personnel.
 - <u>Management of Care:</u> providing and directing nursing care that enhances the care delivery setting to protect clients and health care personnel
 - <u>Safety and Infection Control</u> protecting clients and health care personnel from health and environmental hazards
- 4. **HEALTH PROMOTION AND MAINTENANCE:** The nurse provides and directs nursing care of the client that incorporates the knowledge of expected growth and development principles, prevention and/or early detection of health problems, and strategies to achieve optimal health
- 5. **PSYCHOSOCIAL INTEGRITY:** The nurse provides and directs nursing care that promotes being of the client experiencing stressful events
- 6. **PHYSIOLOGICAL INTEGRITY**: The nurse promotes physical health and wellness by providing care and comfort, reducing client risk potential and managing health alterations
 - Basic Care and Comfort: providing comfort and assistance in performance of activities of daily living
 - Pharmacological and Parenteral Therapies: providing care related to the administrations and parenteral therapies
 - Reduction of Risk Potential: reducing the likelihood that clients will develop complications or health problems related to existing conditions, treatments or procedures
 - Physiological Adaptation managing and providing care for clients with acute, chronic or life threatening physical health conditions