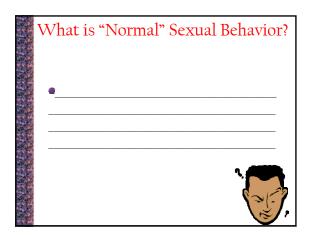
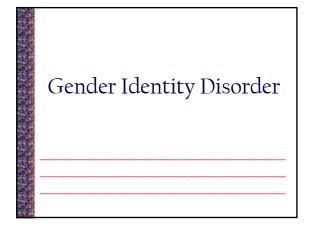
What are Sexual Disorders?

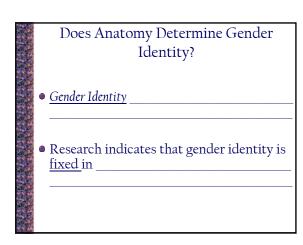
<u>CLASS OBJECTIVES</u>: What is Gender Identity Disorder? What are Paraphilias?

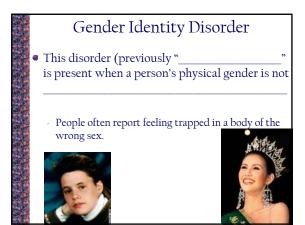


What is "Normal" Sexuality?

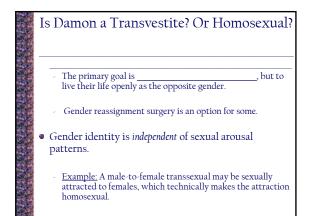
• Sexuality is a normal part of the human experience. However, the types of sexual behavior that are considered normal vary













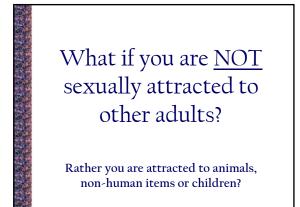
Research has not yet confirmed a cause, but it is widely believed that this is the result

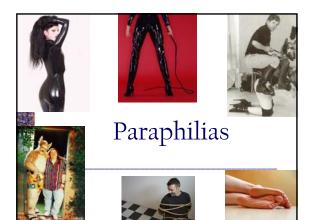


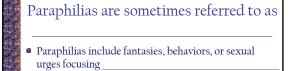
Treatment

- The most common decision is to alter the anatomy to be physically consistent with the identity through
- Each person seeking this must qualify by demonstrating stability:
 - Psychologically
 - Socially
 - Financially





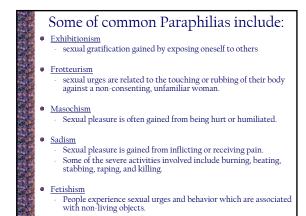


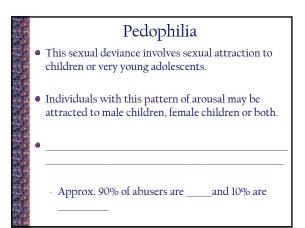


or

Paraphilias include:

- Sexual urges or sexual fantasies with _
- Sexual behaviors with non-human objects
- Sexual behaviors involving _____
- suffering of oneself or another person
- Adult sexual behavior that involves _





I'm LOVING the child-<u>not</u> hurting them!

Most child molesters are not physically _____ This allows the abuser to rationalize their behavior as _____

- These individuals commonly explain their activities with excuses that the activities have
- Most people with this disorder have experience

Treatment

Pedophiles _

because their sexual preference has always been, and always will be, children. Their urges will always be present.

The course of the disorder usually is

which is the reason that most treatment programs emphasize a relapse-prevention model

Next Class...

• Psychotic Disorders

- Schizophrenia and Delusional Disorders